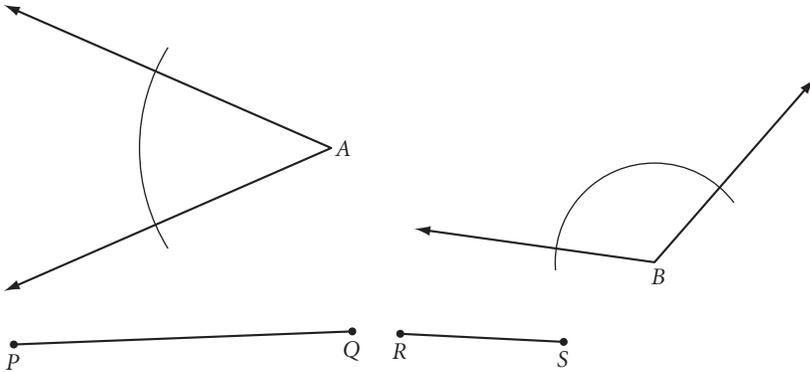


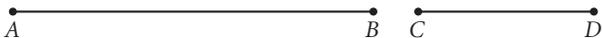
# Lesson 3.1 • Duplicating Segments and Angles

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

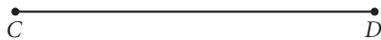
In Exercises 1–3, use the segments and angles below. Complete the constructions on a separate piece of paper.



1. Using only a compass and straightedge, duplicate each segment and angle. There is an arc in each angle to help you.
2. Construct a line segment with length  $3PQ - 2RS$ .
3. Duplicate the two angles so that the angles have the same vertex and share a common side, and the nonshared side of one angle falls inside the other angle. Then use a protractor to measure the three angles you created. Write an equation relating their measures.
4. Use a compass and straightedge to construct an isosceles triangle with two sides congruent to  $\overline{AB}$  and base congruent to  $\overline{CD}$ .



5. Repeat Exercise 4 with patty paper and a straightedge.
6. Construct an equilateral triangle with sides congruent to  $\overline{CD}$ .

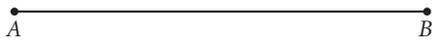


## Lesson 3.2 • Constructing Perpendicular Bisectors

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

For Exercises 1–6, construct the figures on a separate sheet of paper using only a compass and a straightedge.

1. Draw a segment and construct its perpendicular bisector.
2. Construct two congruent segments that are the perpendicular bisectors of each other. Form a quadrilateral by connecting the four endpoints. What type of quadrilateral does this seem to be?
3. Duplicate  $\overline{AB}$ . Then construct a segment with length  $\frac{5}{4}AB$ .



4. Draw a segment; label it  $\overline{CM}$ .  $\overline{CM}$  is a median of  $\triangle ABC$ . Construct  $\triangle ABC$ . Is  $\triangle ABC$  unique? If not, construct a different triangle,  $\triangle A'B'C'$ , also having  $\overline{CM}$  as a median.
5. Draw a segment; label it  $\overline{PQ}$ .  $\overline{PQ}$  is a midsegment of  $\triangle ABC$ . Construct  $\triangle ABC$ . Is  $\triangle ABC$  unique? If not, construct a different triangle,  $\triangle A'B'C'$ , also having  $\overline{PQ}$  as a midsegment.
6. Construct a right triangle. Label it  $\triangle ABC$  with right angle  $B$ . Construct median  $\overline{BD}$ . Compare  $BD$ ,  $AD$ , and  $CD$ .
7. Complete each statement as fully as possible.
  - a.  $L$  is equidistant from \_\_\_\_\_.
  - b.  $M$  is equidistant from \_\_\_\_\_.
  - c.  $N$  is equidistant from \_\_\_\_\_.
  - d.  $O$  is equidistant from \_\_\_\_\_.

