Thurs. Feb. 19 LATIN 8 NOMEN_____

I. Translate the following passage:

Praecursorēs in parte primā agminis ambulabant et virgas tenebant. Duo iuvenēs Britannicī Romanōs impediebant quod plaustrum eorum rotam fractam habuit. Ē via movēre nōn poterant. Praecursorēs iuvenēs in fossam deiecerunt. Ad aulam Salvius processit. Illuc omnēs principēs aderant. Cogidubnus sacrificium fecit. Victima, quam rex elēgit, agnus niveus erat.

II. Give a synopsis (3rd. sing.) of the following verb: USe the T-CHART

pono, ponere, posui, positus

III. CIrcle the meaning of the underlined word:

1. The profits were intangible. a) could be stacked in a pile b) could not be bought c) could be easily sold
2. Caesar had an aquiline nose. a) short b)beak-like c) aristocratic
3. The students did not adhere to the rules. a) listen b) uphold c) understand

IV. What is a pyre?_____

Over

IMPERATIVE REVIEW LATIN 8

(**Command** forms for each conjugation)

1. ambulo, ambulare, ambulavī, ambulatus

IMPERATIVE **NEGATIVE IMPERATIVE**

Singular=_____ (Walk!) _____(Don't walk)

Plural =_____ " _____ "

2. sedeo, sedēre, sēdī, sessus

Singular=_____ (Sit!) _____ (Don't sit!)

Plural = _____ " _____ "

3. curro, currere, cucurrī, cursus

Singular = _____ (Run!) _____ (Don't run!)

Plural = _____ " _____ "

4. dormio, dormīre, dormivī, dormitus

Singular=_____ (Sleep!) _____ (Don't sleep!)

Plural = _____ _____ "

Nolī, Nolīte = _____

All forms of the verb **nolle** are followed by the _____ form of another verb.